

Section 20: the parent has voluntarily asked or agreed for the local authority to look after the child. The parent maintains full parental responsibility and can request the child return home at any time. The Local Authority does NOT have PR and all decisions should be made with the parent's consent.

Interim Care Order (section 38): The parent and Local Authority share PR. An Interim Care Order is time-limited during the course of care proceedings.

Full Care Order (section 31): The Local Authority has legal responsibility for the child until age 18. The parent will continue to have limited PR but the Local Authority has overriding PR and can override decisions and make all day to day decisions about the child.

Special Guardianship Order: The person with the SGO has overriding PR. The parent still maintains limited PR.

Child Arrangement Order: The person with the CAO will have overriding PR, but the other parent (for instance the mother) will maintain limited PR.

Supervision Order: The Local Authority has no PR, the parent has full PR.

Adoption: Adopters have full PR. This is the only situation where a birth parent loses all PR.